Transporting Biological, Diagnostic, or Genetically Modified Specimens

- 1. Assure that all personnel have received OU Bloodborne Pathogen training and that the annual refresher training is current.
- 2. No smoking, eating, or drinking in the vehicle after handling specimens.
- 3. Utilize Universal Precaution procedures when handling specimens.
- 4. Gloves should be worn when directly handling biological, diagnostic or genetically modified samples.
- 5. Triple packaging is required:
 - a. Primary leak proof receptacle
 - Secondary leak proof container <u>with</u> absorbent material (sealed baggies are widely used)
 - c. Durable outer container.
- 6. All containers must be clearly labeled with biohazard signage.
- 7. The outside container should be tightly fastened so that it will not open in case of an accident. A bungee cord can be used if the samples are inside a cooler type container.
- 8. Transport specimens in a separate area from the driver. Providing that the weather will not compromise the specimen, the trunk of the vehicle is preferred. If a trunk is not available, the container should be secured (seatbelt).
- 9. A spill kit including gloves, 10% bleach, paper towels, plastic disposable bag, and scooper should be available at all times. Never pickup broken glass with your hands.
- 10. Samples should never be left unattended.